Supplementary information

Bioconversion of 4-hydroxyestradiol by extradiol ring-cleavage dioxygenases from *Novosphingobium* sp. PP1Y

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Supplementary Figures



Supplementary Figure S1: Dihydroxylated polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons structures toward 4-OHE2 and 2-OHE2. Structures of 3,4 (a) and 4,5 (b) substituted catechols were reported in comparison with 4-OHE2 (a) and 2-OHE2 (b) structures to highlight structure similarities.

а						b									
						м	1	s	1	s	L	s	м	I	s
							PP2	8735	PP2	6077	PPO	0124		PPO	0193
ERCDs	Temperature	Time of	[IPTG]	[Fe(II)]	S.A.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	of induction	induction	`mM ´	μM	2,3-DHBP				in the	-		-			-
	(°C)	(h)			mU/OD ₆₀₀										=
PP28735	28	4	0.025	100	34.0±5.5			-		-				-	=
PP26077	28	2	0.4	100	196.0±15.7	-	-		-	-		-	-		-
PP00124	37	2	0.4	100	380.0±26.2										-
PP00193	28	4	0.025	100	988.0±18.2			-		-					-
							-	-		=					
								-		-					-

Supplementary Figure S2: ERCDs recombinant expression conditions. a: optimized recombinant expression conditions used for each protein and Specific Activity (S.A.) of ERCDs expressing cells (mU/OD₆₀₀) on 2,3-dihydroxybiphenyl (2,3-DHBP). **b:** SDS-PAGE analysis of ERCDs analytical expression experiments in *E. coli* BL21(DE3). M: 33 kDa marker. I: insoluble fractions of induced cultures. S: soluble fractions of induced cultures. The two original uncropped full length gels are reported in Supplementary Figure S5 A (left side gel, lanes from 1 to 7) and S5 B (right side gel, lanes from 8 to 10).

а				b	PP2	8735	PP2	6077	PPO	0124	PPO	0193
ERCDs	Initial total Units	Final total Units	Yield (%)		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
PP28735	18 U _{2,3-DHBP}	8 U _{2,3-DHBP}	44	1	-		-	-	_	_	_	
PP26077	37 U _{2,3-DHBP}	30 U _{2,3-DHBP}	81	1								
PP00124	88 U _{2,3-DHBP}	58 U _{2,3-DHBP}	66	1								
PP00193	1476 U _{3-MC}	1406 U _{3-MC}	95									

Supplementary Figure S3: **ERCDs purification. a:** total Units of ERCDs before and after the chromatographic step. Yield is reported as percentage of total units (errors are within 15%). **b:** analysis of the purified ERCDs. Lane 1-3-5-7: 33 kDa marker. Lane 2: purified PP28735 (lanes 1 and 2 were cropped from different parts of the same gel; the uncropped original gel is shown in Supplementary Figure S6 A). Lane 4: purified PP26077 (lanes 3 and 4 were cropped from adjacent parts of the same gel; the uncropped original gel is shown in Supplementary Figure S6 B). Lane 6: purified PP00124 (lanes 5 and 6 were cropped from adjacent parts of the same gel; the uncropped original gel is shown in Supplementary Figure S6 C). Lane 8: purified PP00193 (lanes 7 and 8 were cropped from different parts of the same gel; the uncropped original gel is shown in Supplementary Figure S6 D).



Supplementary Figure S4: UV-VIS spectral analyses of semialdehyde from 4-OHE2 as function of pH. Semialdehyde spectra were recorded at pH 7.5, acidic (1% formic acid) and alkaline (100 mM NaOH) pH. Reactions were carried out with PP28735 (a) and PP00124 (b) enzymes in 1 mL of 50 mM Tris/HCl pH 7.5 buffer containing 100 μ M 4-OHE2 (gray lines, spectra at t=0). The reactions were started by adding 1 μ g of purified enzymes. Semialdehyde production was monitored by the Scanning Kinetics program on Cary 100 UV-VIS spectrophotometer in a wavelength range from 230 to 500 nm, recording the spectra until 10 minutes, at 25°C, to obtain total conversion of 4-OHE2. At the end of cleavage reactions at pH 7.5 (dashed lines, spectra at the end of reactions), NaOH (100 mM final concentration) was added to alkalinize reactions and convert the semialdehyde into di-anionic yellow form (solid black bold lines). Furthermore, another sample was added with formic acid (1% final concentration) to analyze spectral properties useful for HPLC analyses (dotted line).



Supplementary Figure S5: ERCDs recombinant expression. The original uncropped full length images of SDS-PAGEs reported in Supplementary Figure S2 B are shown. Gels were dried on paper after Coomassie brilliant blue G-250 staining. The boxed lanes correspond to (a) lanes 1-7 of the left side gel and (b) lanes 8-10 of the right side gel showed in Supplementary Figure S2 B.



Supplementary Figure S6: SDS-PAGE analyses of purified ERCDs. The original uncropped full length images of SDS-PAGEs reported in Supplementary Figure S3 B are shown. Gels were dried on paper after Coomassie brilliant blue G-250 staining. The boxed lanes correspond to lanes 1-2 (a), 3-4 (b), 5-6 (c) and 7-8 (d) of the gels showed in Supplementary Figure S3 B.

Supplementary Tables.

ERCDs	expression levels (mg/L)	Protein with Fe(II) (%)	Protein with Fe(III) (%)	Protein without iron (%)		
PP26077	120	60	15	25		
PP00124	40	100	0	0		
PP00193	100	88	5	7		

Supplementary Table S1: Quantification of total iron amount in *Novosphingobium* sp. **PP1Y ERCDs**.

Substrates			Products (cis-muconic semialdehydes - IUPAC)		
	λ_{max}	ε (acidic pH) mM ⁻¹ cm ⁻¹		λ_{max}	$\epsilon (pH 7.5) mM^{-1} cm^{-1}$
catechol	275	2.34	(2E,4Z) 2-hydroxy-6- oxohexa-2,4-dienoic acid	375	33
3 – methylcatechol (3MC)	278	1.48	(2E,4Z) 2-hydroxy-6- oxohepta-2,4-dienoic acid	388	13.8
4 – methylcatechol (4MC)	280	2.45	(2E,4Z) 2-hydroxy-5- methyl-6-oxohexa-2,4- dienoic acid	382	28.1
2,3 – dihydroxybiphenyl (2,3-DHBP)	282	1.48	(2E,4Z) 2-hydroxy-5- methyl-6-oxohepta- 2,4-dienoic acid	434	13.2

Supplementary Table S2: Catecholic substrates and semialdehydes products absorbance maximum wavelength (λ_{max}) and extinction coefficients (ϵ , mM⁻¹cm⁻¹). Substrates: These parameters were used to calculate stock solutions concentrations. Products: These parameters were used to calculate semialdehydes concentration at neutral pH, in the enzymatic assay conditions. Semialdehydes IUPAC names are indicated.